Northwoods Capital XVII Rating Report

Tranche Name	EJR Final Rating		
	Non-NRSRO Rating		
А	AAA (sf)		
В	AAA (sf)		
С	AAA (sf)		
D	BBB+ (sf)		
E	BB- (sf)		



Ratings Group Contact ratings@egan-jones.com (844) 495 5244

Prepared on 10/27/24

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Rating Summary

Tranche Name	EJR Implied Rating	EJR Final Rating NonNRSRO Rating	Other NRSROs EJR Equivalent	Current Interest OC (%)	Current Principal OC (%)	Subordir Ass	rrent nation ¹ (%) ets at	Interest Rate
		Raing	Rating			MV	Par	
A	AAA (sf)	AAA (sf)	N/A	132.6	172.9	40.2	42.9	S_3MO + 1.32161
В	AAA (sf)	AAA (sf)	N/A	132.6	172.9	24.7	28.1	S_3MO + 1.76161
С	AAA (sf)	AAA (sf)	N/A	120.8	156.0	16.3	20.0	S_3MO + 2.11161
D	BBB+ (sf)	BBB+ (sf)	N/A	112.0	142.1	8.9	12.9	S_3MO + 3.11161
E	BB- (sf)	BB- (sf)	N/A	105.2	128.5	2.3	6.6	S_3MO + 5.91161

Note: The data used in the analysis of this report was updated on

1. Current Subordination = (Collateral Value- (Pari-Passu Balance + Senior Balance)) / Collateral Value

MV = Market prices reported by the trustee on the latest report (when available)

Par = Par Value

Transaction Summary

We are providing the rating of Northwoods Capital XVII as a Non-NRSRO rating. The transaction closed on March 22, 2018. It had a reinvestment period, which ended on April 22, 2023. It has a maturity date of April 22, 2031. The Dealer and Trustee are Credit Suisse and Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, respectively. The issued notes are collateralized by 99.8 senior secured loans, cash, and eligible investments with the balance of the portfolio consisting of -98.8 second lien loans and senior unsecured loans. Angelo, Gordon & Co serves as the collateral manager.

Quantitative Analysis

Key Credit Metrics

Metrics	Number
SENIOR TRANCHE SUBORDINATION (%)	40.2
DIVERSITY SCORE	51
EJR WEIGHTED AVERAGE RATING SCORE	3779.7
WEIGHTED AVERAGE LIFE (Years)	3.5
CCC+ OR LESS (%)	7.6

As of October 27, 2024, the total balance of the underlying assets was approximately \$383.3M. The diversity score of the portfolio was 51. Egan-Jones's weighted average rating score and weighted average life (years) of the collateral were 3779.7 and 3.5, respectively. Approximately 7.6% of the portfolio's assets were rated CCC+ or less by other agencies. Senior tranche subordination was 40.2%.



Portfolio Characteristics

Industry Concentration

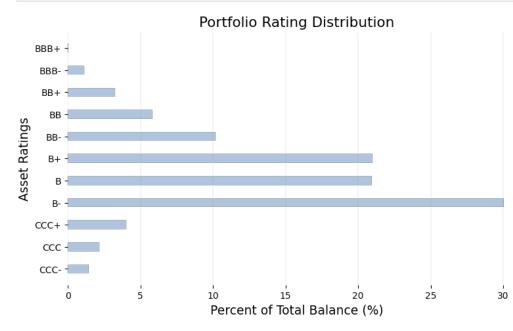
Top 5 asset industries	Current Balance (M)	Percentage (%)	Gross Coupon (%)	Gross Margin	Market Price (\$)
High Tech Industries	51.4	13.6	8.6	3.7	94.8
Consumer goods: Durable	26.3	7.0	8.1	3.2	98.8
Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals	23.9	6.3	8.6	3.8	97.8
Construction & Building	23.7	6.3	8.5	3.0	99.0
Services: Consumer	19.9	5.3	8.8	3.9	93.2

Top 10 Industry Contribution

	 High Tech Industries Consumer goods: Durable Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals Construction & Building Services: Consumer Capital Equipment Banking, Finance, Insurance & Real Estate Chemicals, Plastics & Rubber Energy: Oil & Gas Other 	The top 5 industries constituted 38.4% of the underlying portfolio with a total current balance of \$145.2M. The top 5 industries are High Tech Industries. Consumer goods: Durable. Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals. Construction & Building. Services: Consumer, The top 10 industries constituted 61.8% of underlying portfolio with a total current balance of \$233.4M.
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Rating of Underlying Assets

Bottom 5 asset ratings	Current Balance (M)	Percentage (%)	Gross Coupon (%)	Gross Margin	Market Price (\$)
В	79.1	20.9	8.9	4.0	99.5
B-	113.6	30.1	9.1	4.2	97.2
CCC+	15.2	4.0	9.7	4.2	79.9
CCC	8.1	2.1	12.4	5.4	76.0
CCC-	5.4	1.4	8.2	3.6	21.3

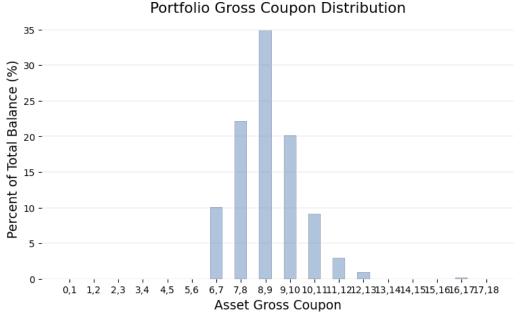


The current ratings of the underlying assets range from BBB+ to CCC-. An amount equal to 7.6% of the underlying assets have ratings equal to or below CCC+, with a total balance of \$28.7M. (Note: The current current ratings are other agencies ratings as of October 01, 2024.)



Gross Coupon of Underlying Assets

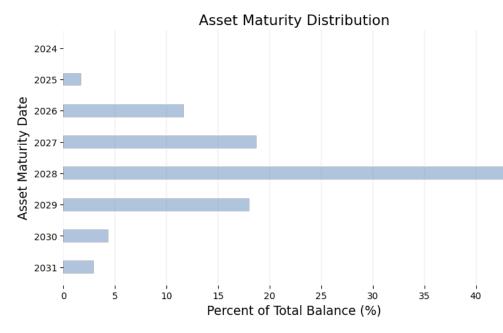
Top 5 Gross Coupon Range	Current Balance (M)	Percentage (%)	Gross Coupon (%)	Gross Margin	Market Price (\$)
≥8% but <9%	131.8	34.9	8.5	3.6	96.2
≥7% but <8%	83.7	22.2	7.5	2.7	97.7
≥9% but <10%	76.0	20.1	9.4	4.5	95.1
≥6% but <7%	38.1	10.1	6.7	1.9	100.0
≥10% but <11%	34.5	9.1	10.5	5.5	96.5



Gross coupon of the underlying assets ranges from 0.0% to 16.8%. The weighted average gross coupon of the portfolio is approximately 8.6.

Maturity of Underlying Assets by Current Balance

Top 5 Asset Maturity Range	Current Balance (M)	Percentage (%)	Gross Coupon (%)	Gross Margin	Market Price (\$)
2028	161.1	42.6	8.4	3.5	97.5
2027	70.8	18.7	8.3	3.3	95.0
2029	68.1	18.0	8.4	3.4	94.9
2026	44.1	11.7	9.5	4.6	94.4
2030	16.4	4.3	7.8	2.9	99.9



The underlying assets have maturity dates from May 30, 2025 to September 30, 2031. 26.7% of the underlying assets will mature within 3 years, while another 8.3% of the underlying assets have maturities beyond 5 years.

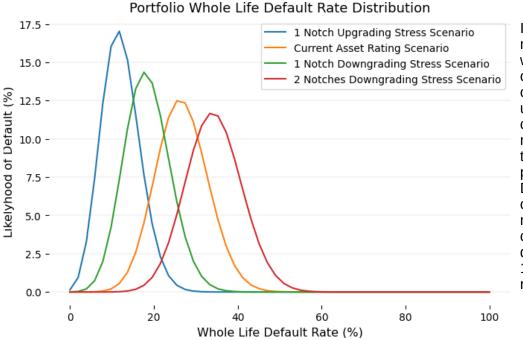


Senority of Underlying Assets

	Current Balance (M)	Percentage (%)	Gross Coupon (%)	Gross Margin	Market Price (\$)
Senior Unsecured	0.7	0.2	14.7	9.7	69.2
Senior Secured	377.1	99.8	8.3	3.4	97.2

There are 217 non-default assets (with seniority information available) in the underlying collateral pool, 99.8% are senior secured loans, and 0.2% with lower seniority.

Sensitivity Analysis



In EJR's view, ratings on loans may be upgraded or downgraded with little notice. In EJR's optimistic case, we assumed an notch upgrade one to the underlying assets. In EJR's stress cases, we assumed one or two notch cut to the underlying assets reflect possible market to pressure. According to EJR's Default Probability Table, the optimistic case, base case, one notch cut and two notches cut cases weighted average whole life default rate of probability are 12.2%, 26.7%, 18.5% and 34.3%, respectively.

Estimated Loss Information

Estimated loss is one of the key considerations in EJR's structured finance ratings. In times of stress when economic conditions are deteriorating, default rates and loss severity are more likely to increase relative to a portfolio's initial or base case default and loss severity levels. EJR believes a tranche with higher rating should be able to withstand greater stress and sustain lower losses than a tranche with a lower rating. For example, a tranche with AAA rating should be able to survive the great depression scenario (the highest default and loss severity levels experienced if they were to occur in the future). A 'AA' rated tranche would be more susceptible to an adverse economic impact than the 'AAA' rated tranche, but nonetheless should be able to withstand such effects better than a tranche with a lower rating. EJR creates different stress levels based on different target tranche ratings (from AAA to B+). The detailed estimated loss (%) information of each tranche under each stress level is detailed in the below table:

Stress Level	Α	В	С	D	E
AAA (sf) Stress	0	0	0	42.8	87.2
AA+ (sf) Stress	0	0	0	27.0	83.3
AA (sf) Stress	0	0	0	24.9	82.6
AA- (sf) Stress	0	0	0	22.9	81.8
A+ (sf) Stress	0	0	0	5.3	73.8
A (sf) Stress	0	0	0	3.8	72.5
A- (sf) Stress	0	0	0	2.4	71.2
BBB+ (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	57.2
BBB (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	55.3
BBB- (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	53.4
BB+ (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	21.8
BB (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	5.9
BB- (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0
B+ (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0
B (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0
B- (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0
CCC+ (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0
CCC (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0
CCC- (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0
CC (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0
C (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0
D (sf) Stress	0	0	0	0	0



Tranche Summary

Tranche A

Title		Value		Title	Value
ORIGINAL BALANCE (\$ M		341.3		ST TRIGGER	120.0
CURRENT BALANCE (\$ M		223.3		RRENT IC	172.9
TRANCHE SPECIFIC STRES				ST TRIGGER	121.6
		AAA (sf)			132.6
UNCOVERED BALANCE (assets at UNCOVERED BALANCE (assets at		0.0		ATIO (assets at MV) (%) ATIO (assets at Par) (%)	0.0 0.0
UNCOVERED BALANCE (assets at	Pai) (\$ Willion)		UNCOVEREDR	ATTO (assels at Par) (%)	0.0
	C	ashflow Com	position		
40000 -				Interest (Stressed Scenario Principal Payment (Stresse	
_ 35000 -			_	Interest (Current Scenario)	
20000				Principal Payment (Current	Scenario)
ਤੋਂ £ 25000 -					
(p 30000 - 30000 - Li 25000 - Li 20000 - 15000 - 10000 -					
⁶ 분 15000 -					
^у 10000 -					
5000 -					
2025 2026	2027	2028 Payment Ti	20 ²⁹	2030	2031
		rayment n	ine		
 Principal Payment (Stressed Scenario) Principal Payment (Current Scenario) 	Principal Paym	nent and Rema	in Balance	Balance Remained (Stree Balance Remained (Curr	
40000 -					- 200
ट्टे 35000 -		_			~
					- 175 b
중 30000 - 문		_			- 175 6 - 150 W
. <u></u> 25000 -					
tu 20000 -					- 125 - - 100 - 100 -
					Ren 001
윤 15000 - 평					-75 g
E 35000					- 75 - 75 Balance - 50 -
5000					- 25
					0
2025 2026	2027	2028	2029	2030 2031	- 0
r r	۳ ۲	Payment Time	r	r	

The charts reflects the remaining balance and cashflow forcasting under a) current default and recovery scenario and b) AAA (sf) stress level default and recovery scenario, assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first 2 years. The current principal balance of the tranche is \$223.3M. Under current default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Jul 24, 2028. By the end of the payment period (Jul 24, 2028), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under AAA (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M.



Tranche B

	Title		Value		Title	Value
ORIGIN	AL BALANCE (\$ I	Villion)	57.8	IC TE	ST TRIGGER	120.0
CURRE	NT BALANCE (\$	Million)	57.8	CU	RRENT IC	172.9
TRANCHE	SPECIFIC STRE	SSED PD		OC TE	ST TRIGGER	121.6
EJR MO	DDEL IMPLIED RA	ATING	AAA (sf)	CUF	RRENT OC	132.6
UNCOVERED BA	ALANCE (assets a	at MV) (\$ Million)	0.0	UNCOVERED R	ATIO (assets at MV) (%	6) 0.0
UNCOVERED BA	ALANCE (assets a	at Par) (\$ Million)		UNCOVERED R	ATIO (assets at Par) (%	6) 0.0
		(Cashflow Con	nposition		
30000 -					Interest (Stressed Scena Principal Payment (Stres	
25000 - ਓ					 Interest (Current Scenar Principal Payment (Current Scenar) 	io)
CashFlow (in Thousand) 12000 - 12000 - 10000 -						
드 15000 - 중				-116		
10000 -						
5000 -						
0 -						
2025	2026	2027	2028 Payment 1	2029 Time	2030	2031
			-			
Principal Payment (S Principal <u>Payment (</u>		Principal Payı	ment and Rem	ain Balance	Balance Remained (St Balance Remained (Ct	
30000 -						- 50
25000 -						
ayment (in Thousand) 50000 - 120000 - 120000 -				L_1		Remained (in Million)
15000 -						- 30 Lemaine
He 10000 -						- 20 - agance - 10 B
			Γ			
2025	2026	2021	2028	2029	2030 2031	
			Payment Time			

The charts reflects the remaining balance and cashflow forcasting under a) current default and recovery scenario and b) AAA (sf) stress level default and recovery scenario, assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first 2 years. The current principal balance of the tranche is \$57.8M. Under current default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under AAA (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M.

Tranche C

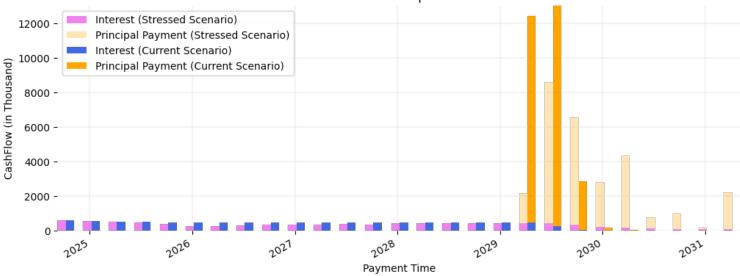
	Title	Value	Title	Value
	BALANCE (\$ Million)	31.5	IC TEST TRIGGER	115.0
	BALANCE (\$ Million)	31.5	CURRENT IC	156.0
	ECIFIC STRESSED PD		OC TEST TRIGGER	114.0
	L IMPLIED RATING	AAA (sf) lion) 0.0	CURRENT OC	120.8
	UNCOVERED BALANCE (assets at MV) (\$ Million)		UNCOVERED RATIO (assets at MV) (%	
UNCOVERED BALA	NCE (assets at Par) (\$ Mil	lion)	UNCOVERED RATIO (assets at Par) (%	6) 0.0
16000 - Interest (S Principal F 14000 - Interest (C	Stressed Scenario) Payment (Stressed Scenario) Current Scenario) Payment (Current Scenario)	Cashflow Comp		
2000 - 0	2026 2021	2 ⁰²⁸ Payment Tin	20 ²⁹ 20 ³⁰	2031
Principal Payment (Stres Principal Payment (Curre	n Balance Remained (St Balance Remained (Ct			
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(j) 15000 - 12500 - 12500 - 10000 - 7500 - 5000 -				- 25 (no - 20) - 20) - 15 mai
- 10000 -				- 20 - iii
7500 -				
- 5000 -				- 10 Balance
ā 2500 - 0 -				
2025	2026 2021	ی ^{و28 '} Payment Time	2029 2030 2031	- 0

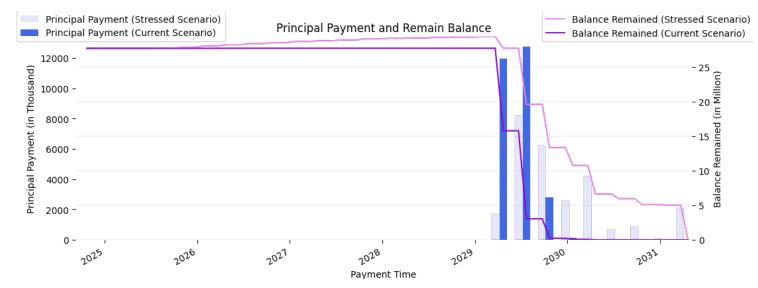
The charts reflects the remaining balance and cashflow forcasting under a) current default and recovery scenario and b) AAA (sf) stress level default and recovery scenario, assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first 2 years. The current principal balance of the tranche is \$31.5M. Under current default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under AAA (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M.



Tranche D

Title	Value	Title	Value					
ORIGINAL BALANCE (\$ Million)	27.8	IC TEST TRIGGER	110.0					
CURRENT BALANCE (\$ Million)	27.8	CURRENT IC	142.1					
TRANCHE SPECIFIC STRESSED PD		OC TEST TRIGGER	108.6					
EJR MODEL IMPLIED RATING	BBB+ (sf)	CURRENT OC	112.0					
UNCOVERED BALANCE (assets at MV) (\$ Million)	0.0	UNCOVERED RATIO (assets at MV) (%)	0.0					
UNCOVERED BALANCE (assets at Par) (\$ Million)		UNCOVERED RATIO (assets at Par) (%)	0.0					
Cashflow Composition								





The charts reflects the remaining balance and cashflow forcasting under a) current default and recovery scenario and b) BBB+ (sf) stress level default and recovery scenario, assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first 2 years. The current principal balance of the tranche is \$27.8M. Under current default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under BBB+ (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of this tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M.



Tranche E

	Title		Value 24.8		Title	Value 105.0	
ORI	ORIGINAL BALANCE (\$ Million)			IC TE	IC TEST TRIGGER		
CURRENT BALANCE (\$ Million)			24.8	CU	128.5		
	HE SPECIFIC STRE			OC TE	103.7		
EJR MODEL IMPLIED RATING			BB- (sf)				
UNCOVERED BALANCE (assets at MV) (\$ Million)			0.0		CURRENT OC 105. /ERED RATIO (assets at MV) (%) 0.0		
	UNCOVERED BALANCE (assets at Par) (\$ Million)				ATIO (assets at P		
7000 - Int	erest (Stressed Scenario incipal Payment (Stressed erest (Current Scenario) incipal Payment (Current) d Scenario)	Cashflow Com				
	20 ²⁶ ent (Stressed Scenario)	2021	ැ ^{ගුව} ් Payment T ment and Rem			20 ³¹ ned (Stressed Scenario)	
Principal Payme	ent (Current Scenario)	Thicpartay	ment and Ken	Idin Dalance	Balance Remai	ned (Current Scenario)	
- 0000 - 00000 - 00000 - 000000	-6	-1				- 25 (io) - 20 ui) - 15 uie - 10 uiiii - 5 mained - 5 mained - 0	
2025	2026	2021	2 ⁰²⁸ Payment Time	2029	2030	2031	

The charts reflects the remaining balance and cashflow forcasting under a) current default and recovery scenario and b) BB- (sf) stress level default and recovery scenario, assuming 50% loss will happen evenly in the first 2 years. The current principal balance of the tranche is \$24.8M. Under current default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M. Under BB- (sf) default and recovery scenario, the payment window for this tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche ranges from Oct 22, 2024 to Apr 22, 2031. By the end of the payment period (Apr 22, 2031), the principal balance should be paid in full. Total interest payments of the tranche will approximately \$0.0M.



EJR's Key Rating Features & Differences Compare With Other NRSROs

Below is a summary of EJR's approach (see our Methodology for a more complete description):

1. Our rating is derived from estimated losses.

2. The probabilities of default utilized are generally more conservative than industry standards.

3. Generally, our ratings are more heavily model driven and take into account fewer subjective / qualitative assumptions.

4. Generally, EJR updates the cashflow and ratings monthly based on the availability of the trustee reports.

5. EJR's analysis is conducted using information and cash flow engines supplied by a recognized industry service provider.

Difference Between Implied Rating and Assigned Rating

There is no difference between model implied rating and final assigned rating.



SEC Rule 17g-7(a) Disclosure

Below are the disclosures as required by Paragraph (a) of Rule 17g-7.

1. The symbol in the rating scale used to denote the credit rating categories and notches within categories and the identity of the obligor, security, or money market instrument as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7:

There are three notches in each of EJR's rating category (e.g., A-(sf), A(sf) and A+(sf) for category A(sf)) except for AAA(sf), CC(sf), C(sf) and D(sf).

2. The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii) (B) of Rule 17g-7:

We are using the EJR CLO Methodology (Non-NRSRO) version 1a published by December 1, 2022, the General Methodology for Rating Asset Backed and Structured Finance Obligations version 2a published by December 1, 2022.

3. The main assumptions and principles used in constructing the procedures and methodologies used to determine the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7:

The credit rating assigned reflects EJR's judgement regarding the future credit quality of the issue. The major assumptions used to construct the methodologies include: 1) Past data reflects the performance and credit worthiness of the pooled assets and is useful for analysis. 2) Financial and credit information that EJR gets from the issuer or the third party is reliable and accurate. 3) The economy and regulation policies will remain stable in the foreseeable future. Specific quantitative assumptions used in this credit analysis applied to the collateral assets, which include Default Rate and Recovery Rate. According to the methodology, EJR converts the collateral assets into numbers of identical independent assets with the same default rate and recovery rate. The number of these converted assets is the Diversity Score.

4. The potential limitations of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR's rating pertains solely to EJR's view of current and prospective credit quality. EJR's rating does not address pricing, liquidity or other risks associated with holding investments in the issuer. EJR ratings 1) Are not intended to address the value, price, price stability, liquidity, suitability, or merit of an investment. 2) Do not address investment merit, whether a particular rated security is suitable for a particular investor or suitable for an investor's risk tolerance. 3) Do not address whether the expected return of a particular investment is adequate for the inherent risk. 4) Do not address whether the market value of the security will remain stable over time. 5) Are not exact measures of the probability of default but are instead expressions of the relative credit risk of issuers and debt instruments. 6) Are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold any security.

5. Information on the uncertainty of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR's rating is dependent on numerous factors including the reliability, accuracy, and quality of the data used in determining the credit rating. The data is sourced from issuers' publicly disclosed reports, or from third-party data vendors. For solicited rating reports, EJR may also use the information provided by the client. In some cases, the information is limited because of issues such as the lack of reported data. Such shortcomings are not always readily apparent. EJR aims to identify such shortcomings and make adjustments using its best judgement.

6. Whether and to what extent third-party due diligence services have been used in taking the rating action as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR does not utilize third-party due diligence services.

7. How servicer or remittance reports were used, and with what frequency, to conduct surveillance of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR did not conduct surveillance of this rating.



8. Adescription of the data that were relied upon for the purpose of determining the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(H) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR uses a third-party data vendor obtain essential data for ratings on this ABS product.

9. Astatement containing an overall assessment of the quality of information available and considered in the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(I) of Rule 17g-7:

The information used in this analysis is generally of high quality.

10. Information relating to conflicts of interest as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7:

This rating is unsolicited.

11. An explanation or measure of the potential volatility of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7:

EJR's rating aims to assess the possible loss of investing in the obligations. Factors which affect such projection, and in turn EJR's rating, include changes in the credit worthiness of the collateral assets, changes in the correlation between them, and overall economic changes.

12. Information on the content of the credit rating as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7:

1) Historical performance can be found on https://portal.egan-jones.com/client/fast/clo.aspx 2) As discussed in EJR's CLO Methodology, EJR attempts to calculate the weighted average default probability of the portfolio by using EJR's Weighted Average Rating Score (WARS) approach. EJR's ratings of CLO tranches are based on the estimated losses (EL) generated by applying default scenarios based on likelihood of occurrence. However, EJR's credit ratings are not based on absolute measures of probability of default and expected loss. EJR's credit ratings are opinions about the relative creditworthiness of an entity or an instrument.

13. Information on the sensitivity of the credit rating to assumptions as required by Paragraph (a) (1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7:

See the section in this report entitled "Stress Analysis".

14. If the credit rating is assigned to an asset-backed security, a description of: (i) the representations, warranties, and enforcement mechanisms available to investors; and (ii) how they differ from the representations, warranties, and enforcement mechanisms in issuances of similar securities, as required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of Rule 17g-7: :

Such information in this analysis is non-public. Hence EJR has determined that this disclosure doesn't apply to this report.

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3) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.

Analyst Signature:

THE QUANT TEAM Date Prepared 10/27/24

Reviewer Signature:

THE QUANT TEAM Date Prepared 10/27/24